

BSC9.01 Investigational or Experimental Services			
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Policy Statement

This Medical Policy addresses Healthcare Services that are not covered because they are considered investigational or experimental.

- I. Healthcare Services which do not meet ALL of the following five (5) elements are considered **investigational or experimental**:
 - A. The technology must have final approval from the appropriate government regulatory bodies.
 - B. The scientific evidence must permit conclusions concerning the effect of the technology on health outcomes.
 - C. The technology must improve the net health outcome.
 - D. The technology must be as beneficial as any established alternatives.
 - E. The improvement must be attainable outside the investigational setting.

NOTE: Refer to [Appendix A](#) to see the policy statement changes (if any) from the previous version.

Policy Guidelines

Investigational or Experimental Assessment

The descriptions in this Policy Guidelines section provide additional information regarding the five (5) elements identified in the Policy Statement:

- A. The technology must have final approval from the appropriate government regulatory bodies.
 - This criterion applies to drugs, biological products, devices and any other product or procedure that must have final approval to market from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") or any other federal governmental body with authority to regulate the use of the technology.
 - Any approval that is granted as an interim step in the FDA's or any other federal governmental body's regulatory process is not sufficient.
 - The indications for which the technology is approved need not be the same as those which Blue Shield of California is evaluating.
- B. The scientific evidence must permit conclusions concerning the effect of the technology on health outcomes.
 - The evidence should consist of well-designed and well-conducted investigations published in peer-reviewed journals. The quality of the body of studies and the consistency of the results are considered in evaluating the evidence.
 - The evidence should demonstrate that the technology can measure or alter the physiological changes related to a disease, injury, illness, or condition. In addition, there should be evidence, or a convincing argument based on established medical facts that such measurement or alteration affects health outcomes.

- C. The technology must improve the net health outcome.
 - The technology's beneficial effects on health outcomes should outweigh any harmful effects on health outcomes.
- D. The technology must be as beneficial as any established alternatives.
 - The technology should improve the net health outcome as much as, or more than, established alternatives.
- E. The improvement must be attainable outside the investigational setting.
 - When used under the usual conditions of medical practice, the technology should be reasonably expected to satisfy Criteria C and D.

The list of Healthcare Services and their associated codes in this Medical Policy is intended as a general reference and may not cover all Healthcare Services. The enumeration of Healthcare Services considered experimental or investigational within this Medical Policy is not exhaustive and does not include all Healthcare Services classified as experimental or investigational under separate Blue Shield of California medical policies.

Coding

See the [Codes table](#) for details.

Description

As described above in the Policy Statement, this Medical Policy addresses Healthcare Services that are not covered because they are considered investigational or experimental. It generally includes Healthcare Services that do not require clinical review to determine if they are Medically Necessary because the safety and/or effectiveness have not been demonstrated through a comprehensive review of established published medical and scientific literature or due to insufficient evidence supporting their efficacy and safety.

Related Policies

- N/A

Benefit Application

Benefit determinations should be based in all cases on the applicable member health services contract language. To the extent there are conflicts between this Medical Policy and the member health services contract language, the contract language will control. Please refer to the member's contract benefits in effect at the time of service to determine coverage or non-coverage of these services as it applies to an individual member.

Some state or federal law may prohibit health plans from denying FDA-approved Healthcare Services as investigational or experimental. In these instances, Blue Shield of California may be obligated to determine if these FDA-approved Healthcare Services are Medically Necessary.

Regulatory Status

- N/A

Rationale

- N/A

References

1. American Medical Association. (2025). CPT. Retrieved on April 2, 2025 from <https://www.ama-assn.org/practice-management/cpt>
2. Blue Shield of California, Medical Policy Committee, Policy and Procedures: Technology Assessment.
3. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. (2025). Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS). Retrieved on April 2, 2025 from <https://www.cms.gov/medicare/coding-billing/healthcare-common-procedure-system>

Documentation for Clinical Review

- No records required

Coding

The list of codes in this Medical Policy is intended as a general reference and may not cover all codes. Inclusion or exclusion of a code(s) does not constitute or imply member coverage or provider reimbursement policy.

Type	Code	Description
CPT®	36837	Percutaneous arteriovenous fistula creation, upper extremity, separate access sites of the peripheral artery and peripheral vein, including fistula maturation procedures (e.g., transluminal balloon angioplasty, coil embolization) when performed, including all vascular access, imaging guidance and radiologic supervision and interpretation
	64628	Thermal destruction of intraosseous basivertebral nerve, including all imaging guidance; first 2 vertebral bodies, lumbar or sacral
	64629	Thermal destruction of intraosseous basivertebral nerve, including all imaging guidance; each additional vertebral body, lumbar or sacral (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
	84112	Evaluation of cervicovaginal fluid for specific amniotic fluid protein(s) (e.g., placental alpha microglobulin-1 [PAMG-1], placental protein 12 [PP12], alpha-fetoprotein), qualitative, each specimen
	0219T	Placement of a posterior intrafacet implant(s), unilateral or bilateral, including imaging and placement of bone graft(s) or synthetic device(s), single level; cervical
	0312U	Autoimmune diseases (e.g., systemic lupus erythematosus [SLE]), analysis of 8 IgG autoantibodies and 2 cell-bound complement activation products using enzyme-linked immunosorbent immunoassay (ELISA), flow cytometry and indirect immunofluorescence, serum, or plasma and whole blood, individual components reported along with an algorithmic SLE-likelihood assessment
	0623T	Automated quantification and characterization of coronary atherosclerotic plaque to assess severity of coronary disease, using data from coronary computed tomographic angiography; data preparation and transmission, computerized analysis of data, with review of

Type	Code	Description
		computerized analysis output to reconcile discordant data, interpretation and report
	0646T	Transcatheter tricuspid valve implantation (TTVI)/replacement with prosthetic valve, percutaneous approach, including right heart catheterization, temporary pacemaker insertion, and selective right ventricular or right atrial angiography, when performed
	0649T	Quantitative magnetic resonance for analysis of tissue composition (e.g., fat, iron, water content), including multiparametric data acquisition, data preparation and transmission, interpretation and report, obtained with diagnostic MRI examination of the same anatomy (e.g., organ, gland, tissue, target structure); single organ (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
	0673T	Ablation, benign thyroid nodule(s), percutaneous, laser, including imaging guidance
	0686T	Histotripsy (i.e., non-thermal ablation via acoustic energy delivery) of malignant hepatocellular tissue, including image guidance
	0753T	Digitization of glass microscope slides for level IV, surgical pathology, gross and microscopic examination (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
HCPCS	None	

Policy History

This section provides a chronological history of the activities, updates and changes that have occurred with this Medical Policy.

Effective Date	Action
06/01/2025	New policy.

Definitions of Decision Determinations

Healthcare Services: For the purpose of this Medical Policy, Healthcare Services means procedures, treatments, supplies, devices, and equipment.

Medically Necessary: Healthcare Services that are Medically Necessary include only those which have been established as safe and effective, are furnished under generally accepted professional standards to treat illness, injury or medical condition, and which, as determined by Blue Shield of California, are: (a) consistent with Blue Shield of California medical policy; (b) consistent with the symptoms or diagnosis; (c) not furnished primarily for the convenience of the patient, the attending Physician or other provider; (d) furnished at the most appropriate level which can be provided safely and effectively to the member; and (e) not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of the member's illness, injury, or disease.

Investigational or Experimental: Healthcare Services which do not meet ALL of the following five (5) elements are considered investigational or experimental:

- A. The technology must have final approval from the appropriate government regulatory bodies.
 - This criterion applies to drugs, biological products, devices and any other product or procedure that must have final approval to market from the U.S. Food and Drug

- Administration ("FDA") or any other federal governmental body with authority to regulate the use of the technology.
- Any approval that is granted as an interim step in the FDA's or any other federal governmental body's regulatory process is not sufficient.
 - The indications for which the technology is approved need not be the same as those which Blue Shield of California is evaluating.
- B. The scientific evidence must permit conclusions concerning the effect of the technology on health outcomes.
- The evidence should consist of well-designed and well-conducted investigations published in peer-reviewed journals. The quality of the body of studies and the consistency of the results are considered in evaluating the evidence.
 - The evidence should demonstrate that the technology can measure or alter the physiological changes related to a disease, injury, illness, or condition. In addition, there should be evidence, or a convincing argument based on established medical facts that such measurement or alteration affects health outcomes.
- C. The technology must improve the net health outcome.
- The technology's beneficial effects on health outcomes should outweigh any harmful effects on health outcomes.
- D. The technology must be as beneficial as any established alternatives.
- The technology should improve the net health outcome as much as, or more than, established alternatives.
- E. The improvement must be attainable outside the investigational setting.
- When used under the usual conditions of medical practice, the technology should be reasonably expected to satisfy Criteria C and D.

Feedback

Blue Shield of California is interested in receiving feedback relative to developing, adopting, and reviewing criteria for medical policy. Any licensed practitioner who is contracted with Blue Shield of California or Blue Shield of California Promise Health Plan is welcome to provide comments, suggestions, or concerns. Our internal policy committees will receive and take your comments into consideration. Our medical policies are available to view or download at www.blueshieldca.com/provider.

For medical policy feedback, please send comments to: MedPolicy@blueshieldca.com

Questions regarding the applicability of this policy should be directed to the Prior Authorization Department at (800) 541-6652, or the Transplant Case Management Department at (800) 637-2066 ext. 3507708 or visit the provider portal at www.blueshieldca.com/provider.

Disclaimer: Blue Shield of California may consider published peer-reviewed scientific literature, national guidelines, and local standards of practice in developing its medical policy. Federal and state law, as well as member health services contract language, including definitions and specific contract provisions/exclusions, take precedence over medical policy and must be considered first in determining covered services. Member health services contracts may differ in their benefits. Blue Shield reserves the right to review and update policies as appropriate.

Appendix A

POLICY STATEMENT	
BEFORE	AFTER
	<u>Blue font: Verbiage Changes/Additions</u>
New Policy Policy Statement: N/A	Investigational or Experimental Services BSC9.01 Policy Statement: This Medical Policy addresses Healthcare Services that are not covered because they are considered investigational or experimental. I. Healthcare Services which do not meet ALL of the following five (5) elements are considered investigational or experimental : A. The technology must have final approval from the appropriate government regulatory bodies. B. The scientific evidence must permit conclusions concerning the effect of the technology on health outcomes. C. The technology must improve the net health outcome. D. The technology must be as beneficial as any established alternatives. E. The improvement must be attainable outside the investigational setting.