

Prior Authorization Request Form	Partial Thickness Rotator Cuff Tears and				
·	Acromioplasty/Subacromial Decompression				
BSC Fax: (844) 807-8997	BSC Mail: P.O. Box 629005 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762-9005				
. ,	tion system - to complete, submit, attach documentation,				
track status, and receive determinations for both medical a	nd pharmacy authorizations. Visit Provider Connection				
(www.blueshieldca.com/provider) and click the Authorization					
Notice: BSC has a 5 Business Day turn-around					
Failure to complete this form in its entirety may result in	idelayed processing or an adverse determination for				
insufficient information.					
Provider Information	Patient Information				
Referring/Prescribing Physician:	Patient's Name:				
□ PCP □ Specialist*	Bidb Data				
Name:	Birth Date:				
*Please identify SPECIALTY:	Blue Shield ID Number:				
Servicing Provider:	Place of Service				
☐ MD ☐ Vendor ☐ Lab ☐ Facility ☐ Other	☐ Freestanding Ambulatory Surgery Center				
Name:	☐ Home Care Agency				
Address:	☐ Inpatient Hospital Care				
Tax ID Number: NPI:	☐ Long Term Care				
	☐ Outpatient Hospital Care				
Office Information:	☐ Patient's Home				
Contact: Phone: ()	☐ Physician's Office				
Fax: ()	☐ Other (explain):				
	Anticipated Date of Service:				
Please enter all codes requested; "by report" codes m	lust have a description of why the code is being used				
ICD-10 PRIMARY DX CODE:					
ICD-10 ADDITIONAL DX CODE(S):					
CPT/HCPCS CODE(S):					
	CAL INFORMATION				
Please provide ALL of the following documentation A					
documentation is included as part of the Prior Author	ization requirements.				
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Completed Blue Shield of California Shoulder					
Aid below: page 3	<u>ithorizations/forms-lists/forms.sp</u>) - see Decision				
Ald below. page 3					
Completed CollaboRATE survey – see surve	v below : page 4				
30p.3	, selett page (
NOTE: The above two surveys are to be filled out and	signed by the PATIENT and submitted with the				
documentation below:					
 History and physical and/or consultation notes including: 					
o Type of procedure					
o Reason for procedure					
o Clinical records indicating pain, loss of muscle strength of the rotator cuff musculature, and/or					
functional disability that interferes with ADLs					
	more orthopedic tests (e.g., Neer Impingement Test,				
Hawkins Kennedy Impingement Test, Painful Arc Test, Full/Empty Can Test, External Lag Sign at 90 Degrees Test, Infraspinatus Test, Liftoff/Modified Liftoff Test, Belly-Press Test, Drop Arm Test)					
·	nodined Litton Test, Belly-Pless Test, Drop Arm Test)				
 Treatment plan Radiology reports (e.g., ultrasound, CT, MRI) used to make surgical decision 					
radiology roports (c.g., attrasouria, or, min) a	Joa to make Jargiour decision				

For questions: Call BSC Medical Care Solutions Phone Number: 1-800-541-6652

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- Documented exclusion of other possible causative conditions
- Prior conservative treatments, duration, and response or reason conservative treatment is inappropriate
- Past and present diagnostic testing and results
- Pertinent past procedural and surgical history

Let's Talk Shoulder Arthroscopy

 $One of the {\it most important factors in helping you choose appropriate medical care is your comprehensive understanding of the {\it reasons of the most important factors in helping you choose appropriate medical care is your comprehensive understanding of the {\it reasons of the most important factors in helping you choose appropriate medical care is your comprehensive understanding of the {\it reasons of the most important factors in helping you choose appropriate medical care is your comprehensive understanding of the {\it reasons of the most important factors in helping you choose appropriate medical care is your comprehensive understanding of the {\it reasons of the most important factors in helping you choose appropriate medical care is your comprehensive understanding of {\it the most important factors of the most important factors of {\it the most important factors of the most important factors of {\it the most important factors of the most important factors of {\it the most important factors of the most important factors of {\it the most important fa$ for treatment, the risks, and the potential benefits. If arthroscopy has been suggested to you as an option for your particular problem, you should carefully weigh the pros and cons, the alternative treatments, and the potential benefits and risks.

Should You Have an Arthroscopy for a Partial Thickness Rotator Cuff Tear?

Talk to your doctor and become an active partner in making an informed decision about whether arthroscopy is right for you.

- How will an arthroscopy help me?
- What are my other treatment options?
- What are the risks of each of my options?
- What are the short & long-term risks or side effects?
- Why might this treatment not be right for me?
- If I don't have surgery will my condition worsen?

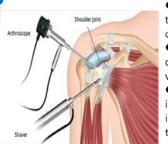
Get the Facts

- What is the rotator cuff? The rotator cuff is a group of muscles and tendons in the shoulder. They are the "motor" of the arm and work to lift the arm overhead, reach and provide strength for lifting.
- What is a partial rotator cuff tear? An incomplete or "partial" tear of the tissues connecting muscles to bone (tendons) around the shoulder joint usually caused by traumatic injury or age-related wear and tear.
- What are mynon-surgical treatment options? Both surgical and non-surgical treatments are used to relieve pain and restore function of the shoulder. Generally, partial tears of the rotator cuff are treated without surgery. Most patients first try 3-6 months of nonoperative treatment, which may include combinations of oral medications and a maximum of 1-2 injections, rest from activity, passive and active exercise, physical/aquatic therapy and/or cold or hot compress.
- When does a partial rotator cuff tear need surgery? When nonsurgical treatment fails after 3-6 months, surgery can be very helpful to repair the tear, and to smooth and make more room for the damaged tendon if needed.

These websites offer more information:

orthoinfo.aaos.org / mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions / healthwise.org / hopkinsmedicine.org/healthlibrary

The Procedure **Shoulder Arthroscopy**



- Minimally invasive surgical procedure to inspect, diagnose, and treat a variety of shoulder conditions.
- Procedure involves inserting a fiberoptic camera via a small incision & visualizing the shoulder joint.
- If repairs are needed, additional incisions are made that allow for insertion of surgical instruments to fix tears in the muscles, tendons, or cartilage and damaged tissue.

Risks and Side Effects

A. Surgery may not restore full strength to your shoulder & the pain or stiffness may not go away.

- B. All surgery has risks, including the risks of bleeding & infection, nerve damage, and risks related to anesthesia.
- C. Evidence is limited and unclear in the differences between how well the different surgical and nonsurgical treatments work for some partial rotator cuff tears¹. You should understand your options and talk to your doctor about which is right for you.

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- A. Do you understand the options available to you? Yes No Are you clear about which benefits and side effects matter most to you? Yes No No
- C. Do you have enough information to make an informed choice? Yes No
- D. Do you feel comfortable about your decision? Yes No

Your signature ensures you feel confident that you and your doctor have explored all of your options and you understand everything fully and that together you are making the decision that is best for you.

Patient Signature:	Physician Signature:
Date:/	Date:/



Thinking about the appointment you have just had ...

1. How m	nuch effort w	vas made to	ohelpyou u	understand	your health	issues?				
0 No effort was made	1 O	2 O	3 O	4 O	5 O	6	7 O	8	9 O Every effort was made	
2. How m	nuch effort v	was made	to listen to	the things	that matte	er most to	you about	your heal	th issues?	
0	1 O	²	3	⁴	5 O	6 O	7 O	8	9	
No effort was made									Every effort was made	
3. How m	nuch effort v	was made	to include	what matt	ers most t	o you in cl	noosing wh	nat to do r	next?	
0	1 O	²	3 O	4	5 O	6 O	⁷	8	9	
No effort was made									Every effort was made	
									your options a	
	Patient Sig								hat is best for y	<u>you.</u>
	<u></u>	\odot								

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