Nusinersen (Spinraza®)

<u>Place of Service</u> Hospital Administration Office Administration Outpatient Facility Infusion Administration Infusion Center Administration Home Infusion

HCPCS: J2326 per 0.1 mg

Condition listed in policy (see criteria for details)

• Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)

AHFS therapeutic class: Genetic disorder treatment; exon inclusion antisense oligonucleotide

Mechanism of action: antisense oligonucleotide shown in *in vitro* assays and studies in transgenic animal models of SMA to increase exon 7 inclusion in SMN2 messenger ribonucleic acid (mRNA) transcripts and production of full-length SMN protein.

(1) Special Instructions and Pertinent Information

Covered under the Medical Benefit, please submit clinical information for prior authorization review via fax.

(2) Prior Authorization/Medical Review is required for the following condition(s)

All requests for Spinraza[®] (nusinersen) must be <u>sent for clinical review</u> and receive authorization <u>prior</u> <u>to drug administration or claim payment</u>.

Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)

- 1. Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist, AND
- 2. Diagnosis of SMA confirmed by genetic testing demonstrating bi-allelic mutations in the survival motor neuron 1 (SMN1) gene by one of the following:
 - a. Deletion of both copies of the SMN1 gene, OR
 - b. Identification of pathogenic variant(s) in both copies of the SMN1 gene

AND

- 3. One of the following:
 - a. Genetic documentation of 2 or 3 copies of SMN2, OR
 - b. Genetic documentation of 4 copies of SMN2, and documentation of SMA-associated symptoms before 18 years of age

AND

- 4. Either of the following:
 - a. Provider attestation that patient has not received prior therapy with Zolgensma, or
 - b. Provider attestation that patient had an inadequate response with Zolgensma,

AND

5. Not being used in combination with Evrysdi

Covered Dose

- Initial: 1 vial (12 mg) administered intrathecally every 2 weeks x 3; followed by 1 vial one month later; then 1 vial every 4 months thereafter
- Maintenance: 1 vial every 4 months

Coverage Period

- Initial: 1 year
- Subsequent reauthorizations: Yearly based upon documentation of stabilization or improvement of continued motor function relative to projected natural course of SMA

ICD-10: G12.0, G12.1

(3) The following condition(s) <u>DO NOT</u> require Prior Authorization/Preservice All requests for Spinraza[®] (nusinersen) must be <u>sent for clinical review</u> and receive authorization <u>prior</u> <u>to drug administration or claim payment</u>.

(4) This Medication is NOT medically necessary for the following condition(s)

<u>Blue Shield's research indicates there is inadequate clinical evidence to support off-label use of this drug</u> for the following conditions (Health and Safety Code 1367.21):

• Type 4 SMA, also known as adult-onset SMA

<u>Coverage for a Non-FDA approved indication, requires that criteria outlined in Health and Safety Code §</u> 1367.21, including objective evidence of efficacy and safety are met for the proposed indication.

Please refer to the Provider Manual and User Guide for more information.

(5) Additional Information

PHP Medi-Cal

Nusinersen (Spinraza®)

How Supplied:

• 12 mg (single-dose vial)

(6) References

- AHFS[®]. Available by subscription at <u>http://www.lexi.com</u>
- DrugDex[®]. Available by subscription at <u>http://www.micromedexsolutions.com/home/dispatch</u>
- Finkel RS, Mercuri E, Meyer OH, et al. Diagnosis and management of spinal muscular atrophy: Part 2: Pulmonary and acute care; medications, supplements and immunizations; other organ systems; and ethics. Neuromuscul Disord NMD. 2018;28(3):197-207. doi:10.1016/j.nmd.2017.11.004
- Institute for Clinical and Economic Review (ICER), Spinraza[®] and Zolgensma[®] for Spinal Muscular Atrophy: Effectiveness and Value. Final Evidence Report. April 3, 2019 (Updated May 24, 2019). Available from: https://icer-review.org/wp-
- content/uploads/2018/07/ICER_SMA_Final_Evidence_Report_052419.pdf. Accessed: May 24, 2019.
- Mercuri, E, Bertini, E, Iannaccone, S. Childhood spinal muscular atrophy: controversies and challenges. Lancet Neurol 2012; 11(5): 443-452.
- Mercuri E, Finkel R, Kirschner J et al. Efficacy and safety of nusinersen in children with later-onset spinal muscular atrophy (SMA): end of study results from the phase 3 CHERISH study. Neuromuscular Disord 2017; 27(Suppl 2):S210.
- Mercuri E, Finkel RS, Muntoni F, et al. Diagnosis and management of spinal muscular atrophy: Part 1: Recommendations for diagnosis, rehabilitation, orthopedic and nutritional care. Neuromuscul Disord NMD. 2018;28(2):103-115.
- Michelson D, Ciafaloni E, Ashwal S, et al. Evidence in focus: Nusinersen use in spinal muscular atrophy: Report of the Guideline Development, Dissemination, and Implementation Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. Neurology. 2018;91(20):923-933.
- Oskoui M, Levy G, Garland CJ et al. The changing natural history of spinal muscular atrophy type 1. Neurology 2007; 69: 1931-36.
- Spinraza[®] (nusinersen) [Prescribing information]. Cambridge, MA: Biogen Inc., 2/2023.
- Wang CH, Finkel RS, Bertini ES, et al. Consensus statement for standard of care in spinal muscular atrophy. J Child Neurol 2007; 22:1027-1049. Available at: http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/pdf/10.1177/0883073807305788. Accessed on January 25, 2017.

(7) Policy Update

Date of last review: 4Q2023 Date of next review: 4Q2024 Changes from previous policy version:

• No clinical change to policy following routine annual review.

BSC Drug Coverage Criteria to Determine Medical Necessity Reviewed by P&T Committee