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### PRALUENT (alirocumab, SQ)

#### Diagnosis Considered for Coverage:

- Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HeFH)
- Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
- Hypercholesterolemia associated with clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
- Primary hyperlipidemia, adjunct to diet, alone or in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies (e.g., statins, ezetimibe)
- Reduction of the risk for myocardial infarction, stroke, and coronary revascularization in adults with established cardiovascular disease (aka prevention of CVD events)

#### Coverage Criteria:

#### 1. For diagnoses above except HoFH:

#### For use with a high-intensity statin:

- 1. For Praluent: Inadequate response, intolerable side effect, or contraindication to Repatha, AND
- 2. Current LDL cholesterol (LDL-C) is > 70 mg/dl (or > 55 mg/dl if extreme risk for heart disease) despite 8 weeks of treatment, **AND**
- 3. Dose does not exceed FDA approved maximum.

#### For use WITHOUT a high-intensity statin:

- 1. Patient has documented statin intolerance, AND
- 2. **For Praluent:** Inadequate response, intolerable side effect or contraindication to Repatha, **AND**
- 3. Current LDL cholesterol (LDL-C) is > 70 mg/dl (or > 55 mg/dl if provider states extreme risk for heart disease), AND
- 4. One of the following (a or b):
  - a. Patient has an FDA approved package insert (PI) supported contraindication to treatment with all statins,

#### OR

- b. All the following:
  - 1. Intolerable muscle symptoms which are reversible upon statin discontinuation, but recur upon re-challenge with statin treatment, **and**
  - 2. Other potential causes of intolerable muscle symptoms have been maximally managed or ruled out, **and**

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	3. Trial of at least two different statins (at least one statin is a				
	high-intensity statin such as rosuvastatin or atorvastatin at				
	lowest starting dose),				
	AND				
	5. Dose does not exceed FDA approved maximum.				
	<i>Coverage Duration:</i> one year				
1. For Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH):					
1.	1. Recommended by a cardiologist or endocrinologist				
	AND				
	2. <b>For Praluent:</b> Inadequate response, intolerable side effect, or				
	contraindication to Repatha				
	AND				
	5.	3. Confirmed homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia by EITHER:			
		<ul> <li>positive genetic test for LDL-R genetic mutations confirming</li> </ul>			
	HoFH, or				
	<ul> <li>clinical evidence supporting a diagnosis of HoFH</li> </ul>				
	4. Being used in combination with a standard lipid lowering				
	combination regimen (e.g. a high potency statin and a non-statin				
	lipid lowering agent)				
			Eibrata Agapta		
		<b>Statin Therapy</b> atorvastatin (Lipitor)	<b>Fibrate Agents</b> Gemfibrozil (Lopid)		
		rosuvastatin	Triglide (fenofibrate)		
		(Crestor)	Lipofen (fenofibrate)		
		simvastatin (Zocor)	Fenoglide (fenofibrate)		
		pitavastatin (Livalo)	fenofibrate (Tricor,		
		[····· ··· (_··· ··· (_··· ··· )	Lofibra)		
			Antara (fenofibrate)		
			Fenofibric (Fibricor)		
			Trilipix (fenofibric)		
		Bile Acid	Others		
		Sequestrants	ezetimibe (Zetia)		
		colesevelam	niacin (Niaspan)		
		(Welchol)			
		colestipol (Colestid)			
		cholestyramine			
		(Questran)			
	AND 5 Dose does not exceed EDA maximum				
	5. Dose does not exceed FDA maximum				
	<u>Coverage Duration</u> : one year				

Coverage Duration: see above

Effective Date: 01/03/2024

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